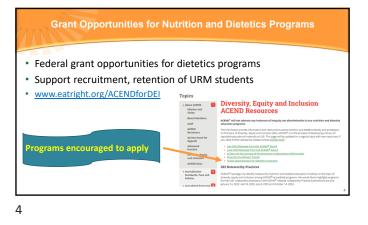
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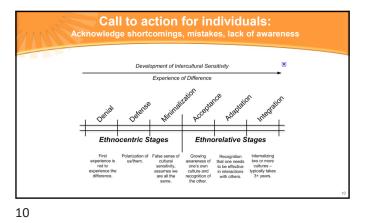
Learning Objectives

- Define LGBTQ terms and identities
- Describe a welcoming setting for LGBTQ people -List 10 ways to be a straight ally
- List resources for support

7



Definition of 'Diversity' "....the full spectrum of values, behaviors, customs, language, race, ethnicity, gender, sexual orientation, religious beliefs, disabilities, and other distinct attributes of population groups." colleges com



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Call to action for individuals: Embrace & act with cultural humility

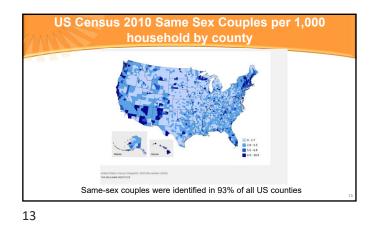
Cultural humility is the ability to maintain an interpersonal stance that's other-oriented (or open to another person's perspective) in relation to aspects of cultural identity that are most important to that person. Cultural humility focuses on self-humility rather than achieving a state of knowledge or awareness.

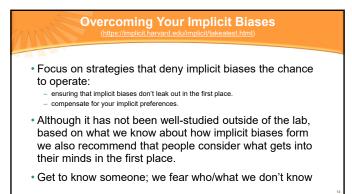
According to the Human Rights Campaign (HRC)

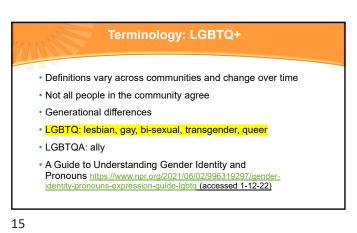
- Approximately 10 million LGBTQ adults in the U.S., or ~4% of the population.
- Sixteen percent of same-sex couples are raising children (U.S. Census Bureau's 2011 Current Population Survey)

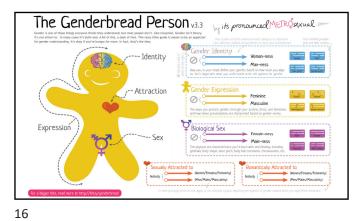
Legal protection from employment discrimination for LGBTQ individuals: no federal law

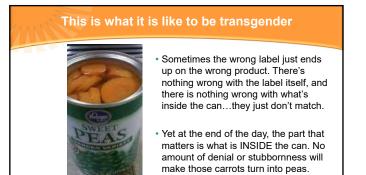
- no state laws in 28 states based on sexual orientation, and no state laws in 30 states based on gender identity
- The FBI reported in 2020 that 17% of all hate crimes related to LGBT status; incidence has increased in the last few years. https://www.fbi.gov/services/cjis/ucr/hate-crime (accessed 5-29-21)











Biological sex, gender, gender identity and gender expression

- Sex refers to a person's biological status; typically assigned at birth, describes attributes commonly
 associated with specific chromosomes, the effect of endogenous hormones and reproductive anatomy;
 commonly dichotomized into female or male, but this dichotomy in not inclusive of individuals who are
 intersex.
- **Gender** is often defined as a social construct of norms, behaviors and roles that varies between societies and over time. Gender is often categorized as male, female or nonbinary.
- Gender identity is one's own internal sense of self and their gender, whether that is man, woman, neither or both. Unlike gender expression, gender identity is not outwardly visible to others. For most, gender identity aligns with the sex assigned at birth. For transgender people, gender identity differs in varying degrees from the sex assigned at birth.
- Gender expression is how a person presents gender outwardly, through behavior, clothing, voice or other perceived characteristics. Society identifies these cues as masculine or feminine, although what is considered masculine or feminine changes over time and varies by culture.

Sexual orientation

- Sexual orientation refers to the enduring physical, romantic and/or emotional attraction to members of the same and/or other genders, including lesbian, gay, bisexual and straight orientations
- Sexual orientation is separate from gender identity. Transgender people may be straight, lesbian, gay, bisexual or queer. For example, a person who transitions from male to female and is attracted solely to men would typically identify as a straight woman. A person who transitions from female to male and is attracted solely to men would typically identify as a gay man.

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Terminology: More...

- Cisgender: or simply **cis**, is an adjective that describes a person whose gender identity aligns with the sex they were assigned at birth
- Transgender: or simply trans, is an adjective used to describe someone whose gender identity differs from the sex assigned at birth. A transgender man, for example, is someone who was listed as female at birth but whose gender identity is male.
- · Gender fluid: gender identity not fixed
- Gender non-conforming: gender expression differs from society norms for males & females. (non-binary)

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Avoid these outdated terms...

- · Hermaphrodite: see intersex or disorders of sexual development
- · Homosexual: see gay or lesbian
- Sexual preference: see sexual orientation
- Transgendered/A transgender/Tranny/Transexual: see transgender

Sex change: see gender affirmation surgery

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A word about pronouns... • Preferred pronouns – She, her, hers – He, him, his – They, them, theirs • Singular 'they' – Merriam-Webster word of the year 2019 – Refers to a person whose gender is nonbinary • Bottom line....ask which pronouns a person prefers!

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Other language...be careful what you assume

- Questions about boyfriends and girlfriends vs. are you dating someone?
- References to wife or husband vs. partner
- Boundaries around transition discussion. For example, have you had your breasts removed?



Poll question: How would you describe yourself?

I am an ally and

- A cis-gender, straight woman, assigned female at birth and my pronouns are she/her/hers
- My gender expression is not super feminine I don't wear high heals, or much jewelry or makeup $\textcircled{}{}^{\odot}$
- You? How do you describe your sexual orientation, gender identity, and gender expression?
- Please complete the poll...let's find out who is in our audience today!

American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists

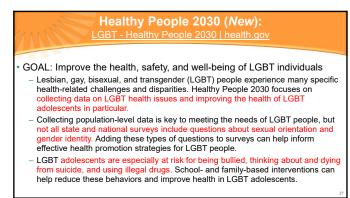
- Opinions of the Committee on Health Care of Underserved Women and the Committee on Adolescent Health :
 - Health Care for Transgender Individuals (2011)
 - Health Care for Lesbians and Bisexual Women (2016)
 - Marriage and Family Building Equality for Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender, Queer, Intersex, Asexual, and Gender Nonconforming Individuals (2018) "recognize the diversity in parenting desires...ensure that clinical spaces are affirming and open to all..."
 - Care for Transgender Adolescents (2020)

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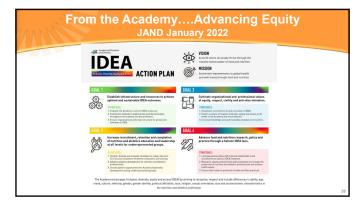
The American Academy of Pediatrics: Committee on Psychosocial Aspects of Child and Family Health

- Co-parent & second parent adoption by same-sex parents (Pediatrics 2002)
- Promoting the well-being of children whose parents are gay or lesbian: technical report (Pediatrics 2013) "...evidence affirms that children...receive similar parenting whether they are raised by parents of the same or different genders..."
- Promoting the well-being of children whose parents are gay or lesbian: policy statement (Pediatrics 2013)
- Office-based care for lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and questioning youth (Pediatrics 2013)
- Ensuring comprehensive care and support for transgender and gender-diverse children and adolescents (Pediatrics 2018)

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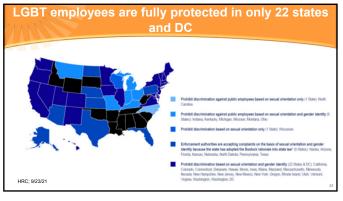
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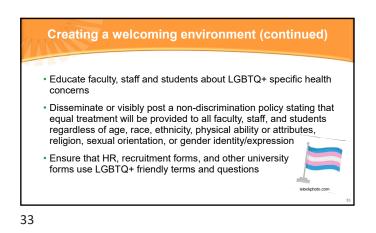
Nutrition considerations for the Marriage Equality: 2015 Transgender Community • Obergefell v. Hodges, 576 U.S. 644 (2015), is a Academy's Food and Nutrition Magazine, Jan/Feb 2018 landmark civil rights case in which the Supreme Court • Practice application/Professional Practice JAND, Rahman R of the United States ruled that the fundamental right to and Linsenmeyer WR. 2019;119(5): 727-732. marry is guaranteed to same-sex couples by both the Due Process Clause and the Equal Protection Clause · Summary: in the Fourteenth Amendment - Currently no specific nutrition guidelines of the US Constitution Account for effects of hormone therapy - Use NFPE to assess body composition & protein needs - Consider effects of surgery, as usual Listen to the individual and work with the team - We have much more to learn about this topic!

HRC.org

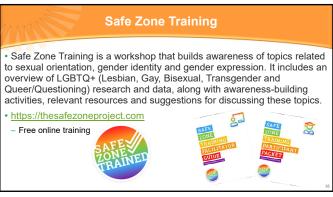


Creating a welcoming environment		
Participate in community LGBTQ+ organizati	ons	
 Include relevant information for LGBTQ+ fact in print and electronic materials 	ulty, staff and students	
 Post a rainbow flag, pink triangle, unisex bath LGBT-friendly symbols 	nroom signs or other	
Use print and electronic materials that show a ethnically diverse same-sex couples	racially and	

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What issues affect success of LGBTQ+ students and

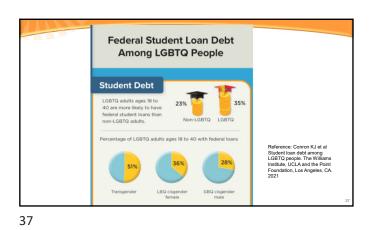
Family: is the student or intern out to their family? If so, how supportive are they? Is going home for breaks difficult?

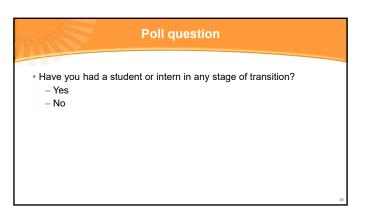
Friends: do they have a supportive group of friends?

School: Is the environment open and affirming? Have you asked your students about their experiences in various classes and with professors? How is the student health service? What about resident life? Has the issue of transgender athletes come up?

Intern placements: Have you had conversations with staff at your placements about the environment for LGBTQ+ individuals. Have you asked your interns about their experiences in various rotations and with preceptors

Job search: Discuss issues that could come up during the interview process. Encourage students to investigate policies at prospective employers. Especially for students in transition or contemplating transition, open discussion with prospective employers is vital.





Ten Things You Can Do To Be a Straight Ally

 Be open: Talk about having LGBTQ friends, family members, colleagues, and acquaintances. When you talk about them, don't omit the fact that they are lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender or queer.

2. Ask questions: Especially when you aren't sure about the acronyms, terminology, or words to use when talking about your LGBTQ friends, family, colleagues, or acquaintances.

3. Become informed: Learn about the realities, challenges and issues affecting the lives of LGBTQ people through websites, books, documentaries, and educational materials.

 Speak up: When you hear derogatory slurs or jokes, like "that's so gay," say something – and don't use slurs or tell derogatory jokes yourself.

5. Help children: Teach them about all kinds of families. Be mindful of the day-to-day messages that they are receiving about gay and transgender people and issues in school, from friends, the web, and on television.

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Ten Things You Can Do To Be a Straight Ally

6. Reconsider your membership: There are many organizations that overtly discriminate against the LGBTQ community. Be sure to let them know why you are leaving or not joining in the first place.

7. Think about where you spend: Support LBGTQ-owned and friendly businesses that have policies that protect the community from discrimination.

8. Challenge those around you: Encourage your social club, workplace, or faith community to consider inclusive policies that protect the LGBTQ community from discrimination.

Get loud: Write letters to the editor of your newspaper to comment as a straight ally on why you support respectful and equal treatment for LGBTQ people.

10. Become an advocate: Call, write, email or visit public policy makers and let them know that as a straight person who votes, you support laws that extend equal rights and protections to all people.

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Being an ally is very important

"My office had a Pride event last June, and the focus was on straight allies. Seeing so many people stepping up and saying that they are allies made me feel more secure and inspired me to come out. The best part? My boss was one of those proud straight allies! I never really thought I'd be out at work, but that was the signal that it could happen." Roberto

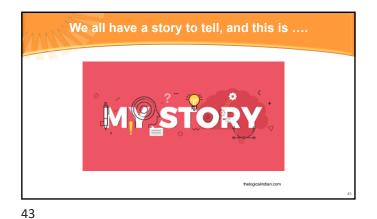
Qualities of an ally:

- Allies want to learn
- Allies address their barriers
- Allies are people who know that support comes in many forms
- Allies are diverse
- Allies are on their own journeys

PFLAG "Straight for Equality" 2021

How to be a straight ally when teaching and advising

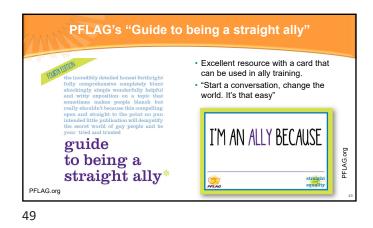
- · Be aware of local, regional, national and international news
- Make your classroom and office a safe and inclusive environment
- Watch your assumptions and biases
- Reach out but respect boundaries
- Talk openly your openness will encourage honesty from others
- Watch your terminology
- Observe student interactions (assign groups for projects rather than allowing students to choose groups?)

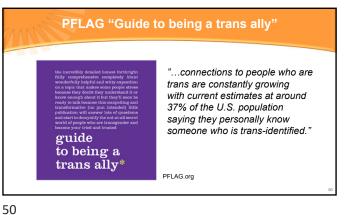




















Summary and conclusions

- Consider our own bias in a diverse world
- Sexual orientation, gender identity and expression are unique to each individual
- Community resources such as PFLAG improve the health of LGBTQ individuals and their families by promoting authentic living

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